AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior listings.

- (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC
 system comprising the steps of:
- (1) inferring whether a stage of an HVAC component is a failed stage from a relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and a time period; and
 - (2) removing the failed stage detected in said step (1) from a staging sequence.
- 2. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said step (1) further comprises the step of:

communicating a health status of the HVAC component to a controller.

3. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said step (1) further comprises the step of:

determining whether a communication link exists between the HVAC component and a controller.

4. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said step (1) further comprises the step of:

communicating a temperature of a controlled area to a controller.

5. (CANCELED)

- 6. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC system comprising the steps of:
 - (1) inferring whether a stage of an HVAC component is a failed stage by:
 - (a) monitoring a temperature of a controlled area;
 - (b) 'monitoring a slope of the relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and the time period
 - (c) inferring whether the stage has failed from a relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and a time period; and
 - (2) removing the failed stage detected in said step (1) from a staging sequence.
- 7. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC system comprising the steps of:
 - (1) inferring whether a stage of an HVAC component is a failed stage;
 - (a) monitoring a temperature of a controlled area;
 - (b) monitoring a rate of change of a relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and the time period.
 - (c) inferring whether the stage has failed from a relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and a time period; and
 - (2) removing the failed stage detected in said step (1) from a staging sequence.
 - 8. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
 - (a) periodically attempting communication with the failed stage;
 - (b) identifying whether the failed stage has become functional; and
 - (c) returning the failed stage to the staging sequence in response to said step (b).
- 9. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 8, wherein said step (b) further comprising the step of:
 - (i) identifying a positive communication with the failed stage.

- 10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC system comprising the steps of:
- (1) monitoring a rate of change of a relationship between a temperature of a controlled area and a time period for a first stage of an HVAC component;
- (2) determining whether the first stage is a failed stage in response to said step (1); and
 - (3) removing the failed stage determined in said step (2) from a staging sequence.
- 11. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 10, wherein said step (1) further comprises the step of:

determining whether the rate of change is greater than a prior rate of change of a prior stage of the HVAC component.

- 12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC system comprising the steps of:
- (1) monitoring a rate of change of a relationship between a temperature of a controlled area and a time period for a first stage of an HVAC component and comparing the rate of change to a stored rate of change for the first stage;
- (2) determining whether the first stage is a failed stage in response to said step (1); and
 - (3) removing the failed stage determined in said step (2) from a staging sequence.
- 13. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 12, further comprises the step of: inputting the stored rate of change into a controller which communicates with the HVAC component.
 - 14. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 12, further comprises the step of: learning the stored rate of change over a multiple of cycles of the first stage.
- 15. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 14, further comprises the step of: determining a configuration of the HVAC component in response to learning the stored rate of change of a multiple of stages comprising the first stage.
- 16. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 14, further comprises the step of: incorporating a gain into a control algorithm for the first stage in response to the stored rate of change to obtain a desired rate of change.
- 17. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 14, further comprises the step of: relating a recovery time period to the stored rate of change to achieve a designated temperature at a desired time.
- 18. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of computer control of an HVAC system comprising the steps of:

- (1) monitoring a first rate of change of a first relationship between a temperature of a controlled area and a first time period for a first stage of an HVAC component;
- (2) monitoring a second rate of change of a second relationship between the temperature of the controlled area and a second time period for a second stage of the HVAC component;
- (3) determining whether the second stage is a failed stage in response to said steps (1) and (2); and
- (4) removing the failed stage determined in said step (3) from a staging sequence.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 18, further comprises the step of: determining a configuration of the HVAC component in response to said steps (1) and(2).
- 20. (ORIGINAL) A method as recited in claim 18, wherein said step (3) further comprises the step of:

determining if the second rate of change is less than the first rate of change; and determining that the second stage is a failed stage.

21. (CANCELLED)